

REVISED EDITION













IBSLEY

BISTERNE

BEAULIEU



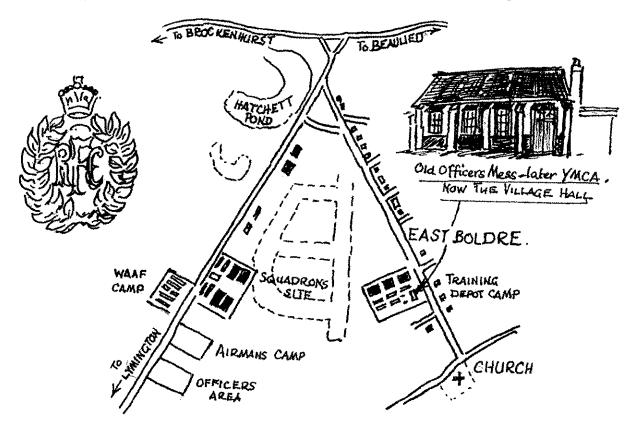


LYMINGTON A NEEDS OAR POINT



RESEARCH & DRAWINGS BY ALAN BROWN

BEAULIEU-EAST BOLDRE.



The first airfield in the New Forest was on the heathland at East Boldre. It was the New Forest Flying School established in 1910 by William McArdle and I Armstrong Drexel. They advertised a course of flying for £80. They closed the school in 1912. In 1915 the Royal Flying Corps built a Flying Training camp with three metal frame hangars, huts and workshops near East Boldre village. This flying training unit was No 16 Reserve Squadron, later joined by 23 and 87 Reserve Squadrons. They trained pilots, observers and ground crew for the squadrons on the Western Front.

In early 1918 a much larger camp was constructed near the Beautieu to Lymington

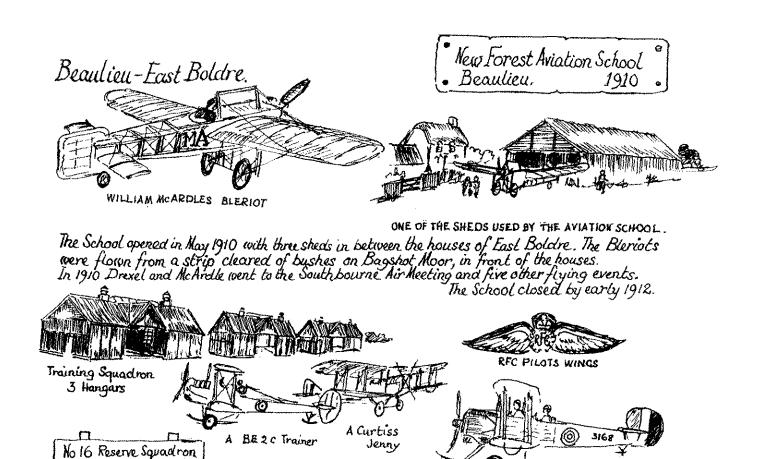
Road to house the squadrons being built up before moving to France.

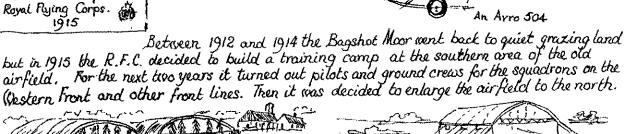
The camp had many accommodation buildings, four large G.S. Hangars, a Power House.

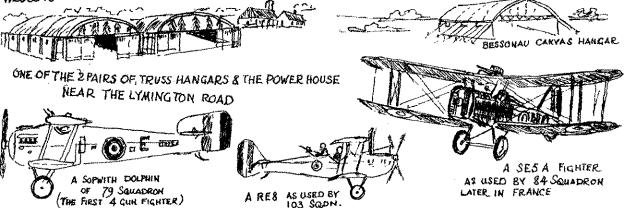
Officers lamp, and a separate camp for W.A.A.F. personnel.

No. 84 and 103 Squadrons were both formed at Beautieu before entering operations. No. 79 Squadron, 59 Squadron, No. 2 Training Depot Squadron and an Aircraft Repair Unit were all at the airfield at various times. On the 1st. April 1918 the R.F.C. and the RNAS, became the Royal Air Force and Beaulieu continued as one of its Training Depots. When the War ended training ceased and the camp closed in 1919. The buildings were removed, but in the 1920's and 1930's it was still listed as a flying field, but seldom used. It was not used in 10002.

Between 1945 and 1950 the old airfield site was used as a Parachute Dropping Zone for test work by Airborne Forces Experimental Establishment at WW2 Beaulieu.





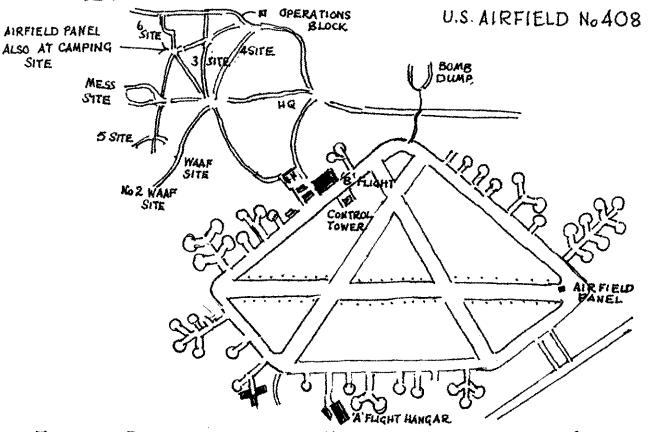


The new part of the airfield was used by Squadrons forming before moving to France. No's 84, 79, and 103 Social sport their early months at Beaulieu. (Vith the end of WWI in Nov. 1918 RAF Beaulieu closed in 1919 and all buildings except the Village Hall were removed. East Boldre site was not used for flying in (VW2, but between Jah 1945 and Sept. 1950 it became a Parachute D.Z.,

There were often parachute drops of men, containers and panniers to test



BEAULIEU AIRFIELD



The old site East Boldre was boo small and so, in 1941-2, a new airfield was built and opened in August, 1942 as a Coastal Command base. 224 Squadron with Liberator aircraft arrived to do anti-Uboat patrols over the Atlantic, later joined by Halifaxes of 405 Sqdn.RCAF and 158 Sqdn.RAF. Inearly 1943 the work was taken over by 311 Czech Sqdn. 53 Sqdn. and even a Liberator OTU.

In Feb. 1944 19 Group Coastal Command moved out and Beaulieu became a base for Typhoon fighter bombers of 257 and 263 Sydn's RAF and 486 Sydn. RNZAF.

They were making attacks over France in the build-up to D. Day.

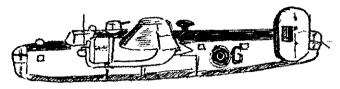
In March 1944 the 365th. Fighter Group 366, 367& 368 Sqdn's of the 9th. U.S.A.A.F. took over from the Typhoons at Beaulieu. They had moved from East Anglia to fly P47 Thunderbolts in attacks on the French coastal area. After 6th. June they flew missions in support of the troops ashore. The 365th Group moved to a French airfield in late June to be replaced by the 323rd. Bomb Group USAAF 453, 454, 455& 456 Sqdn's who flew Marauder B26 medium-bombers in support of allied attacks across Normandy. They moved to France in late August.

From December 1944 to September 1950 Beautieu was used by the Airborne. Forces Experimental Establishment to test Parachutes, Aircraft, Gliders, Glider Tugs and early types of helicopters. Flying ceased in 1950 when

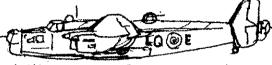
AFEE moved to Boscombe Down.

In November 1959 the land was returned to the Forestry Commission.

Beaulieu Airfield.



A LIBERATOR OF 224 SQUADRON AUGUST 1942 When 224 Squadron moved out in April 1943 53 Sqdn, 311 Czech Sqdn-and a Liberator O.T.U. took their place until Jan 1944 When Beaulieu Airfield opened in August 1942 Coastal Command was under great pressure to provide more aircraft to patrol the Eastern Atlantic and Bay of Biscay. 224 Sgdn Liberators were reinforced by 405 & 168 Halifax Sgds of Bomber Command.



A HALIFAX OF 405 SQUADRON RCAF

HAWKER TYPHOON Gu

In January 1944 to March

Douglas Boston

three Sqdns of Typhoons 257, 263 and 486 operated from Beaulieu. No.88 Sqdns also flew attacks from the airfield



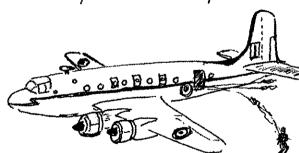
P47D THUNDERBOLTS OF THE 365TH GROUP
APRIL - 28th JUNE 1944

NINTH AIR FORCE USAAF

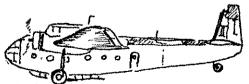
When the Thunderbolts moved to an airfield in France their place was taken up by 4 squadrons of B26 medium bombers for July & August.

B26 MARAUDER

From Dec-1944 to September 1950 Beaulieu was the home of Airborne Forces Experimental Establishment testing Parachutes, Aircraft, Guiders & Helicopters



HASTINGS GLIDER TUG & PARACHUTE.
AIRCRAFT.



A MKIO HAMILCAR GLIDER (POWER ASSISTED)



SIKORSKY R4 HELICOPTER

